with a sledge and the first charge of nitro-gycorlu exploded there. This had evidently loosened the door and the second charge was inserted between the door and the iron frame. The condition of the safe indicated that the second charge must have been larger than was intended by the crooks.

The money in the safe was inside another door provided with a combination like the outer one. This door showed that an attempt had been made to drill it, but evidently the tools were not good or the burglars were frightened away before they could finish the job. As a consequence nothing was secured from the safe and nothing had been touched in any other part of the office.

On the floor the officers found a sledge harmer, three steel punches, two chisels, a brace and several bits.

sledge hammer, three steel punches, two chisels, a brace and several bits. One of the chisels had been broken off, and it is believed that this was done in attempting to open the door. An examination of the door showed that the chisel had been used on it. The window where entrance had finally been effected had been pried up.

Explosion Was Severe One.

Explosion Was Severe One.

The last explosion was heard all over the city. It shook buildings for several blocks around and awakened people from their sleep. Officers on their beats uptown heard the detonation but could not locate it for some time.

Manager W. H. Arnold stated yesterday afternoon that the report had awakened him, but he did not know until later in the morning that an attempt had been made upon the company's safe.

ascertain, not a thing was taken from

From the manner in which the job was done and the tools used, the officers believe the work was done by the same men who attempted to blow the same men who attempted to blow open the Parker Lumber company safe. Entrance into the building was gained in the same way. The same kind of tools were used. It is believed that the tools used in this case, like those in the first, were stolen from some blacksmith shop. They were rusty and not of the kind used by professional safe-blowers.

The city to draw an extra supply of water to provide against the closing of the plant. Owing to the breaking of another levee, the commons, on which sixty tents were placed for flood refugees, were flooded, completely submerging the tents. The occupants established the plant of the kind used by professional safe-blowers.

(Continued From Page 1.)

on and his shadow has not grown

Says It Can't Be Crushed. day Saints occupies a position so exalted that it can smile at the efforts of men to crush it or destroy it. The senseless reasoning and impotent utterances of these men are shafts that fall harmless at the feet of God. If I could collect your thoughts and crystallize them I know what your opinion would be regarding this idea of our destruction. I know that it would be that their labor against the church is vain. But it is that which they have set out to accomplish. They cannot deal with us according to the ordinary laws of civilization. Mormonism cannot be reached through civilization, educa-The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter flization. Mormonism cannot be ached through civilization, educa-

according to the ordinary laws of civilization. Mormonism cannot be reached through civilization, education or reform.

"When these elements are discarded, what is left?" he thundered. "When they don't propose to use these methods, what agents will they enforce against the institution against which their labors are directed? Force! "Force means mob or army tactics. Can it be that, after 1,900 years of Christian civilization, they, a body of men, teaching; the religion of Jesus Christ, will throw away all these engightened methods and leave it to force? Do they mean that brute force must stamp out a religious institution? Yet the man who uttered that sentiment is the man who received the most applause from that assemblage of divines. In the earlier, experiences of the church this same method of force was used to seek its destruction. In the earlier, experiences of the church list same method of force was used to seek its destruction. In the earlier, experiences of the church list same method of force was used to seek its destruction. In the earlier, experiences of the church list same method of force was used to seek its destruction. In the earlier, experiences of the church list same method of force was used to seek its destruction. In the earlier, experiences of the church list same method of force was used to seek its destruction. In the earlier, experiences of the church list same method of force was used to seek its destruction. In the earlier, experiences of the church list same method of force was used to seek its destruction. In the earlier, experiences of the church list same method of force was used to seek its destruction. In the earlier, experiences of the church list same method of force was used to seek its destruction. In the earlier, experiences of the church list same method of force was used to seek its destruction. In the earlier, experiences of the church list and the list of the destruction of the church list of the list

to prevent its growth was with powder and ball, and they killed Joseph Smith. This was the spirit which prevailed in Illinois. Law could not reach Joseph Smith, but powder and bullets did. But Smith, but powder and bullets did. But it did not kill Mormonism. It produced sorrow and momentary confusion, it is true, but Joseph Smith erected an institution by planting principle upon principle until it towered to heaven. It was greater than he, and stands as a monument to the inspiration of God. In some of the headlines I have seen this opposition to the church referred to as a war upon Mormonism. What kind of a Rip Van Winkle sleep are they indulging in? (Laughter.) Seventy years ago that war was commenced. It was not against Presbyterianism, nor Methodism, nor Catholicism, but against Mormonism: against false systems, against false doctrines and wrong systems of salvation, and they have kept

God has been built upon the solid rock of life. They have made war on us. We can't help that. We shall continue to tell them the truth as gently and as tenderly as possible, and shall try to hurt their sensitive feelings as little as we can, and we will take our chances with God while doing it. The Lord has called their creed an abomination in his eyes. That great body has just declared that elect infants can be saved. Until now they have condemned them to hell with the heathen who have never had the gospel preached to them. But now they save the children of the elect. What is to become of some of the fair infants that are not elect? I presume according to their creed God's creation is simply to their creed God's creation is simply to the flood. In Lincoln many families to the flood. In Lincoln many families are still being cared for by the city and county authorities. Hundreds of wagon bridges have been carried out by the flood in southern Netroka, and wagon roads are impassable.

FIFTEEN LIVES LOST.

Kansas City. May 31.—Fifteen persons have been drowned in the west bottoms during the day. Because of the difficulty of recovering the bodies identification of most of the dead is impossible. The dead as reported are as follows:

Themas Ruddy, manager of the Ruddy become of some of the fair infants that are not elect? I presume according to their creed God's creation is simply to produce fuel for hell. We want to do everything reasonable to avoid trouble and conflict. We want neither trouble nor imprisonment, but I believe you will be as brave as those before you and say, 'Let the trial come.' I do not think you will shrink if trouble comes.

"Their efforts to reform us have failed. I rejoice in their failure. I hope they will go on reforming and make corrections in their creed as they become more anyightened as they become become more enlightened, so that the babes that are not of the elect will be saved. I hope they will continue to gather more and more of the light until at last they will be able to see a little of the truth. May the Lord give us courage and strength."

Des Moines, Ia., May 31.—This afternoon the relief authorities announced that they were confronted with a food and fuel famine. Meat markets all over the city declare fhey have but two or three days' stock on hand. There are no trains entering the city and no prospect of getting a shipment. There are no trains entering the city and no prospect of getting a shipment of freight into Des Moines in less than three or four days. Bakeries are overtaxed by reason of the demand of the 6,000 flood refugees through the relief association. The temperature of the past three days has been such as to cause great suffering and to threaten great loss of life through exposure. Now it transpires that there is but a meager coal supply and that the light later in the morning that an most had been made upon the common that had been made upon the comes as safe.

"safe.

"safe couldn't get at the money in "said he, "and, so far as we can tain, not a thing was taken from office."

"om the manner in which the job done and the tools used, the ofselieve the work was done by same men who attempted to blow the country of t

hlacksmith shop. They were rusty and not of the kind used by professional safe-blowers.

It is the opinion of the police that the burglars are common thieves who are not used to working on safes. It is thought quite probable that they may be the same men who broke into the Murray Mercantile company's store and carried away several hundred dollars' worth of stuff only a few nights ago.

ROSERTS HURISDEFIANCE

Hope Again Inspired.

Once more hope has been inspired in the breasts of the 6,000 flood refugees by the report that the river has begun slowly to recede. After rising all night, a fall of two inches was noted between 8 o'clock and noon. The condition of the sufferers has been slightly alleviated by the better organization of the relief forces. But isolated instances of extreme need of food have been discovered, and those who were living in rain-soaked tents have nearly all been removed to places of comfort in public buildings. The need of bed covering is still imperative.

buildings. The need of bed covering is still imperative.

Not a wheel is turning in the factory district and no effort is made to open any business houses. Boats afford the only means of communication between North, South and East Des Moines and the main part of the city. This is extremely perilous.

the main part of the city. This is extremely perilous.

So far as is known, but seven authenticated fatalities have been reported. Reports of a score more have been received from that section of the city that is cut off from communication, but cannot be verified. The Northwestern operated one train out from the city limits today, mail being conveyed to it by boat. The Rock Island is trying to get trains through to the west. The main line east is tied up. The Milwaukee is also making attempts to operate trains. The Great Western. Wabash and Burlington roads have completely abandoned their lines in this city. The water and electric light and power plants are still running, but it is only by the employment of several hundred men to man pumps and work on the levees. For over two days it has rained constantly, and the mercury has stood close to the freezing point. Scores of men, women and children have spent hours at a time in soaking wet garments, sitting on the roofs of their homes awaiting the ar-

At Hannibal, Mo.

against Presbyterlauism, nor Methodism, nor Catholicism, but against Mormonism; against 'false systems,' against false doctrines and wrong systems of salvation, and they have kept to up ever since. They declared the war then, and I do not marvel at the bitterness of the secular world.

"The rubbish of their theology nasbeen cleared away and the house of God has been built upon the solid rock of life. They have made war on us.

At Lincoln, Neb. May 31.—Flood waters in some of the swollen streams began receding today, but the conditions remain practically as bad as before. Salt creek, near Waverly and Ashland, overflowed thousands of acres, the high tide of yesterday at Lincoln reaching those villages to day. Help was asked to rescue farmers imprisoned by the waters. The rise in Blue river today carried down bridges near Crete.

The railroads are tied up and great damage is reported on all lines south of Lincoln.

A drizzling rain, lasting all day, added

Incomplete Record of the Disaster at Kansas City.

Kansas City. May 31.—Fifteen persons have been drowned in the west bottoms during the day. Because of the difficulty of recovering the bodies identification of most of the dead is impossible. The dead as reported are as follows:

Themas: Rüddy, mauager of the Ruddy Bros. Packing company: drowned while engaged in relief work near the Schwartz-child & Suizberger plant.

James Deerman, drowned on Osage avenue.

enue. Unknown man, with two children; drowned at Mill and Osage. Unknown woman, dead in a mass of drift.

William Herbert and two other persons, drowned at Second and Osage.

Two men and three women, drowned by the capsizing of a boat near the Union apsizing of a boat head ic bridge. an on a Belt Line engine which was unded by water was seen to disap

DOWN TO DEATH.

courage and strength."

**Kansas City, Mo., June 1.—A * the part of the white boys to break the message to the Times from Kan- to reach a sailboat anchored in Mount to reach a sailboat

REV. KOEPSEL AT DES MOINES HAS HAD ENOUGH Nearly 100,000 Persons Will Go

gregation yesterday. His resignation as pastor of the church will be presented to the board Wednesday evening. He expects to leave with his family for Nebraska Thursday.

Some days ago Mr. Koepsel astounded his congregation by announcing his intention of severing his connection with the church as pastor and withdrawing his membership from the Methodist church entirely. The first has practically been accomplished. The second will be done at the next spring conference of the church. After that it is the purpose of Mr. Koepsel to take up the ministry in another church. Last night he stated that the Presbyterian church was his first preference and the Congregational his second. He had not decided which church he would enter. However, he announced it as his determination to remain in the ministry the remainder of his life, whatever religion he might embrace. In explanation of his action, Mr. Koepsel states that he has found Methodism to be a despotism; that he considers is not Christian nor biblical. In plain words, he declares the episcopate to be a machine that hampers true Christian words. His sermon explains his position in the matter.

words, he declares the episcopate to be a machine that hampers true Christian work. His sermon explains his position in the matter.

His text was from John viii, 36: "So, then, if the son sets you free, you will be free without doubt."

"The government of the Methodist church is unbiblical; that is, unchristian, when compared with the church of the New Testament, Methodist Episcopalianism is absolutely despotic. There was no superiority in the church of Christ, There were no popes, bishops, or petty despots called presiding elders, to block the member in his growth or retard him in his usefulness. During the lives of the apostles there was no such thing as the episcopal government as we know it. The Episcopal form of rule was a heathen invention. With all of its polish, modern phraseology and apparent democracy, the Methodist Episcopal government has been turned into a flercer despotism than could possibly obtain even in the Roman Catholic church. If the chief officers were always directed by the Holy Spirit it would be well. The lay member is but a tall-end piece in the church. The real burden bearers of the church can advise but have no voice. Does the spirit work only through the bishop or presiding elder? Yet that must be the assumption if any argument is to be produced to substantiate the system of making appointments of ministers. What a lot of nonsense Methodist preachers declare when they state that the Holy Spirit leads them, when many times in making of appointments it is the devil, who controls the mind of a penurious, self-conceited presiding elder for whom it was impossible to raise the self-assessed salary. The poor pastor, must be degraded. Yet it is God who makes the appointments. What an insult to a just God.

"Again, why should there be any condition in the tenure of office? Why a

Bishop Leonard Addresses Girls of Rowland Hall.

Bishop Abiel Leonard delivered the baccalaureate address to the students and graduates of Rowland Hall at St. Mark's cathedral yesterday morning. The graduating class of the school attended the services in a body. A large number of the other members of the institution were present, also.

The bishop took for his subject, "Women As the Cornerstones of Society." His text was from Psalms, chapter xiv, verse 12. which reads: "That our daughters may be at the polished corners of the temple." In opening, the speaker stated that he took this text more as a motto than a text.

"On Thursday of this week." said he, "we send forth the twenty-second graduating class from Rowland Hall. It is fitting, therefore, that on this Sunday preceding, something should be said by way of advice and counsel to those who are going forth to grapple with life's problems."

The bishop gave a little history of the struggles of Rowland Hall and told of the work it had done in training girls to meet the duties of life. He likened the temple of Solomon to perfect society, and said that women were as the cornerstones of that building. Upon them, he declared, rested the responsibility of keeping society what it should be. And in order that they might do this it was necessary that they themselves should be models of strength, and beautiful in character. The school was for the purpose of giving girls the proper training to fit them for the positions that they must till. It was designed to instill strength of character, beauty of life and constancy of purpose into their dispositions.

After, directing the attention of the graduates to the great responsibilities of the graduates

verely Wounded.

Pittsburg, May 31.—One negro was killed, two were probably fatally shot, a third was badly beaten and thrown over a hill and three white boys were severely but not fatally wounded in a quarrel over a game of craps at West Liberty this afternoon. The enraged mob of whites had the rôpe about the neck of the third negro and were dragging him to a tree to ynch him when he was rescued by officers.

Both sides had revolvers, and during le battle 100 or more shots were fired, he quarrel was the result of an attempt in the part of the white boys to break to the crap game and stop the gambling. The dead: Charles Kelly, negro, aged

ARMY OF UNEMPLOYED DR. WM. E. DODD,

on Strike in Philadelphia Today.

Philadelphia, May 31.—The general trike of the textile workers of Philadelphia for a reduction in working time rom sixty to fifty-five hours a week wil to into effect officially tomorrow morn-ing, and the leaders of the textile unions night assert that fully 100,000 persons ill refuse to go to work unless their de-lands shall be agreed to. The figures mands shall be agreed to. The figures given out by the executive committee of the various trades affected are claimed to be too high. Four additional firms agreed today to give their employes the fitty-five-hour week, making a total of forty-seven firms, who employ about 12,-600 persons. It is expected that nearly all the dyers will refuse to go to work tomorrow. The dyers, in addition to asking for a fifty-five-hour week, want an advance in wages from \$12 to \$13 a week. The executive committee of the textile trades issued a statement to the public today giving the reasons for the strike. The statement says thirty-six trades, representing \$9,000 persons, ask for a fifty-five-hour week with a proportionate reduction in wages, and three trades, representing \$1,000 workers, ask for the shorter week with the same wages as pald at present or a slight increase averaging 3 per cent. Their statement declares that women and children are principally affected by the long hours in the mills.

The statement says the strike was forced on the workers because the em-

The statement says the strike was forced on the workers because the employers refused to meet them to settle their differences. CLERGY THREATENED.

Is Meeting With Great Success.

FREE EXAMINATIONS CONTINUE

Those Who Have Consulted Him Are Very Enthusiastic in His Praise.

The people of Salt Lake and the surrounding country have been so appreciative of Dr. Dodd's kind offer to make free examinations of their eyes and the doctor has accomplished so much good that he has decided to continue these free examinations for another week. No specialist of such a wide reputation and experience has ever made this generous offer here before and it was not surprising to learn that he was unable to examine all who called last week.

Those who were found to need glasses were fitted by the doctor, some thirty odd cases; then there were many who only required some simple home remedy or advice as to the proper care of their eye and this advice was freely The people of Salt Lake and the sur-

of their eye and this advice was freely

When we consider that this eminent the eye under the most favored cir-the eye, under the most favored cir-cumstances and is recognized as one of London, May 31.—The bishop of London, in all official notice, reiterating that there is no official obligation upon the clergy to remarry guilty divorcees and discouraging the marriages in church even of innocent divorcees, threatens action in the ecclesiastical courts against offending clergymen.

Special Flood Warning Sent Out.

..........

WASHINGTON, May 31 .- The following special flood warning was is-

WASHINGTON, May 31.—The following special flood warning was issued tonight by the weather bureau:

"The flood situation in the lower Missouri continues to be grave. Warnings for a stage of twenty-six feet at Hermann and Booneville, Mo., and for thirty-two feet at St. Louis have been issued. The danger line at the last named point is thirty feet."

"All flood records since the year 1844, when the district was sparsely settled, have been surpassed by the floods of the last week in the Missouri valley," said Alfred J. Henry, in charge of the forecast bureau. "We have deemed it necessary to send out special flood warnings as the conditions continue very dangerous. Rain has been falling today in Missouri and Iowa. The danger line at Kansas City, for instance, is twenty-one feet, and today a stage of 27.5 feet was reported. This means an alarming situation so far as property is concerned, but the people have had sufficient warning, so that there should not be further loss of life. The stage of thirty-two feet has been predicted for St. Louis, where the danger line is thirty feet."

DEATH LURKS IN THE TREACHEROUS

degraded. Yet it is god who makes the appointments. What an insult to a just God.

All the control of the contr

motto than a text. In the cook this text more as a motto than a text. It agents of Swift & Co. also sci. the agent plants will be idle for some time to come. In addition to this Swift & Co. also sci. the agent plants will be idle for some time to come. In addition to this there are great number of the work it had done in training girls to meet the duties of life. He likened the temple of Solomon to perfect society, and said that women were as the corner have been compelled to abandon their desponsibilities and in order that they might do this it was necessary that they themselves should be models of strength, and beautiful in character. The school was for the purpose of gring girls the proper training must till. It was designed to instill strength of character, beauty of life and constancy of purpose into their dispositions.

After, directing the attention of the great plant will be independent of the second will be added to the second will be added to the second will be added to such a second will be added to the second will be added to such a second will be a

Frantic Cries For Help.

westigation they give 250 as the probable number of lives lost. A more conservative estimate places the number of dead at 175. The higher number is as likely to be correct as the lower. The number of dead is merely a matter of the cries saved himself, an unknown man went down to death with hundreds of people close at hand and utterly unable to lend a hand to aid him. There were rumors that the total number of deaths in the wholesale district of the city during the latter part of the day would reach as high as fifty, but there is no direct evidence of this and no possible way of determining the matter until the waters subside.

Directly south of the viaduet stood the warehouse of the Missouri Lime & Cement company. Close to it stood a number of cars loaded with lime, and at 5 o'clock they were all ablaze, and with them went the warehouse and all it contained. About a dozen freight cars not loaded with lime were destroyed also. The damage in this fire could not be less than \$100,000.

The other fires were scattered over a distance five miles long by three miles wide, and in every instance are supposed to be lime cars.

DIED FROM EXCITEMENT.

only by boats or raffs.

Utter Desolation.

The situation in the suburb of Armourdale tonight is one of utter desolation, with every prospect that the financial loss, already heavy, will be greater within the next twenty-four hours. In this section are situated all the large packing houses—Armour's, Swift's, Cudahy's and Schwartzchild & Sulzberger's. The loss to these plants will alone be close to \$2,000,000. The agents of Swift & Co. also stifered a loss from water, roughly estimated a loss from water, roughly estimated as added a cold and dismal ratio.

Heroic Rescuers.

conditions and as a result of their investigation they give 250 as the probable number of lives lost. A more con-

noon than during all the preceding twenty-four hours. Two little steam launches are now puffing up and down the river, picking up survivors.

A wire cable has been stretched across the Kansas avenue bridge. To this will be attached a sand dip and refugees will be brought across in this manner.

The Saturday Evening Post—

Is 175 years old. Has half a million copies weekly circulation. Is handsomely printed and illustrated and wants thousands of boys to work for it.

Write for our offer.

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING CC., Philadelphia, Pa.

manner.

Large contributions have already been received for the benefit of the sufferers. The amount given by Topeka citizens alone will aggregate \$100,000. To this is to be added an immense quantity of clothing, provisions and general supplies. Outside towns have

(Continued on page 7.)

H. B. WINDSOR, ESTABLISHED 1888

General Insurance and Adjusting. 62 WEST SECOND SOUTH

1,000 LADIES' BLACK SATEEN SHIRT WAISTS; tucked

all over front and back, unlined, just right for summer: all sizes, 32 to 42: value \$1.00. For three hours Monday

50c each

From 8:30 to 11:30 this morning

Ladies' Night Gowns,

90c grade at 49c.

50 dozen Ladies' Muslin Gowns,

well made of splendid materials, lace or embroidery trimmed, in sizes 14 to 17. Excellent 90c qualities on sale Monday, 8:30 to 11:30, at

49c each

TODAY

From 8:30 to 11:30 Why

36c

ESTABLISHED 1864 ONE PRICE TO ALL NEVER UNDERSOL

From 8:30 to 11:30 SPECIAL! No event of so great importance has been announced before! From 8:30 to 11:30 this morning!

3,000 Yards Linen Finished Seersuckers,

Beautiful range of designs for Waists and Dresses; fast colorings; Every yard worth 15c. For three hours this morning; 720 limit, 12 yards to a customer, at, a yard...... It's a sale that will bring thousands of women to know a true pargain, and who will snap them up when they see how really great bargain this is.

8:30 to 11:30 this morning

8:30 to 11:30 this morning CLOAK DEPARTMENT. CLOAK DEPARTMENT,

100 MISSES' DRESS SKIRTS. in golf and dress styles; ladies cloth Cheviots and Meltons trimmed and corded: 30, 32 and 34 lengths, that sold at \$2.75, \$3.50, \$3.75 to \$4.50. Choice for three hours Monday

\$1.59

DON'T WAIT, BUT COME BRIGHT AND EARLY THIS MORNING AND GET THE Best. From 8:30 to 11:30 this morning

110 Pair Curtains.

mong them Ruffled Swiss Curtains in Lace Striped effects. Ruffled Swiss Curtains in Dotted Effects.
Nottingham Curtains in novel designs.

designs.

Nearly all worth \$2 a pair.

Choice for three hours, but
they'll be snapped up in less
time than that, a pair

93c From 8:30 to 11:30 this morning

TUSCAN CASTILE SOAP Regular 7½c cakes on sale at -

Castile Toilet Soap, on sale for three hours, Monday, 8:30 to

SPECIAL.

Special at 36c a Yard. 60c quality pure all wool albatross in all the desirable street and evening shades, only, a yard Colgate & Co.'s best Tuscan

4c a Cake

oday from 8:30 to 11:30 OUR SHOE DEPT. 8:30 to 11:30 this morn-TAFFETA SILK 8:30 to 11:30 This Morning

SPECIAL.

55 pieces, all colors, including cream, white and black, best quality 19-inch Taffeta Silk; values, 75c, 85c and \$1. For above three hours at, a yard

YOUNG LADIES' \$3 SHOES— EXTENSION WOLE, LOW HEEL; OUR BEST SHOE FOR WEAR. POSITIVELY THE BEST SPECIAL EVER SHOWN BY US. SIZES 2½ TO 6.

\$1.95

Gents' Furnishing Department

MEN'S Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, plain white or fancy colored borders; good I5c val-ues. ON SALE FOR THREE HOURS ONLY, EACH,

70

GARDNER DAILY STORE NEWS



IT'S UP TO YOU!

When you are ready for summer underwear go to every other store, then come here and make a close comparison of qualities and prices. We'll leave it to your judgment,

and take chances on your buying Because we know there are no such values elsewhere for the prices we

ask. If you want to pay 25c per garment, \$3.00 per garment or any price between the two there is no reason why we cannot please you.

For there is certainly variety enough here to please everybody. If you want union suits we have them at \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$3.00.

ONE J. P. GARDNER, MAIN STREET.

(Continued tomorrow.)

WANHOOD RESTORED COUPIDENT **E**

ieado to Spermanorrhum and al the horrors of imposers to the PIDENE strengthess the liver, the sidneys and the armany organs of all the markers. CLPIDENE strengthess the liver, the sidneys and the armany organs of all the markers. CLPIDENE strengthess and restores small weak organs are not corred by Doctors is because 30 per cent are troubled with Pressential CUPIDENE to only known remedy to cure without an operation. Die assumemals A written quarantee given and many returned if S boxes does not effect a permanent cure. 1.00 a box. Ser \$2.50, yr mail. Send for Francisco, Cal.

Address DA TOL MEDICINE CO. P. O. Box 2012 Ban Francisco, Cal. as by day of night. Prevents quickness of quenarie, which if not clear autorrhues and all the horrors of imnosers. OF PIDENE cleanest to sys and the armary organs of all incrurions. OF PIDENE arrengths